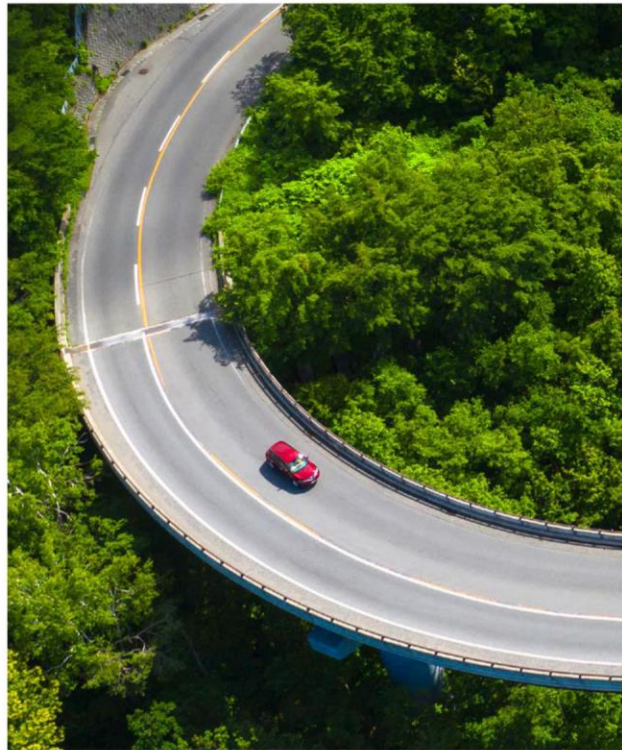
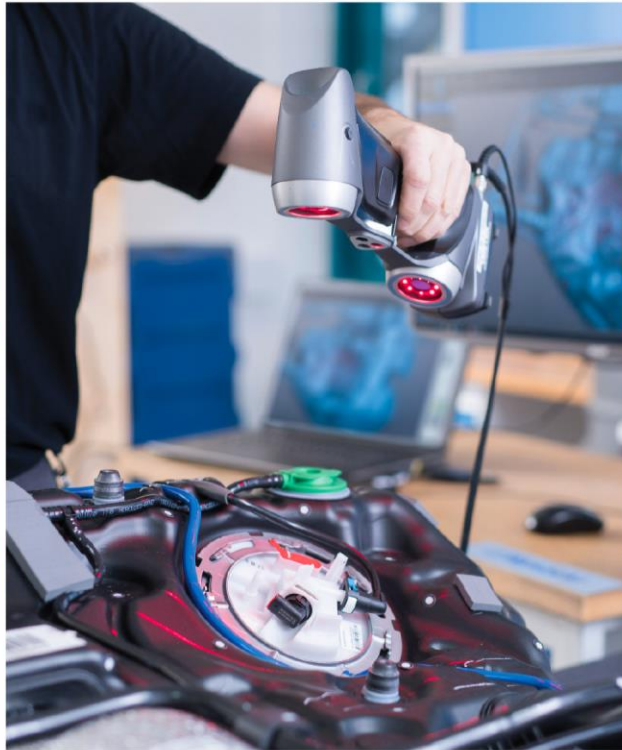


2019 Full Year Results Presentation

TI Fluid Systems plc

17 March 2020



A close-up photograph of industrial metal pipes and fittings, showing a complex network of pipes with various joints and valves. The lighting is dramatic, highlighting the metallic textures and creating strong shadows and highlights.

Disclaimer

This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of TI Fluid Systems plc (the “Company”). The words “believe”, “expect”, “anticipate”, “intend”, “estimate”, “forecast”, “project”, “will”, “may”, “should” and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Others can be identified from the context in which they are made. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, and such forward-looking statements are made only as of the date of this presentation. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that the forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate and you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements due to the inherent uncertainty therein. Past performance of the Company cannot be relied on as a guide to future performance. Nothing in this presentation should be construed as a profit forecast.

The financial information in this presentation does not contain sufficient detail to allow a full understanding of the results of the Company. For more detailed information, please see the preliminary results announcement for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Agenda

1

Key Highlights for 2019 – Bill Kozyra

2

Financial Performance – Ronald Hundzinski

3

Q & A

A person is working in a workshop, focused on a task. A blue light fixture is visible above them, illuminating the work area. The person is wearing a blue jacket and a tan sweater. The background is blurred, showing a workshop environment.

Key Highlights – Bill Kozyra



Key Highlights - 2019 Full Year Results

🕒 Solid results despite challenging global automotive production market

✓ Revenue continues to outperform global automotive production

- ~ 2.1% above global automotive volume change^(a)

✓ Delivering robust margins and strong profitability

- ~ 10.0% Adj. EBIT margin^(b)

✓ Strong Adj. Free Cash Flow

- €172 million in 2019 (2018: €146 million)^(c)

🕒 Successfully executing organic growth strategy in fluid systems automotive market

- Strategic investment in our thermal products in multiple facilities to support supplying the HEV and BEV markets
- Leading technology in fuel tanks resulting in new HEV business awards
- Continuing to collaborate on thermal products and systems with key customers for BEVs, HEVs and some autonomous (AV) platforms

(a) February 2020 IHS Markit and company estimates

(b) Adj. EBIT defined as Adj. EBITDA less depreciation (including PP&E impairment) amortisation (including intangible impairment) arising on tangible and intangible assets before adjusting for any purchase price adjustments to fair values arising on acquisitions

(c) Adj. Free Cash Flow defined as cash generated from operating activities, less cash used by investing activities, adjusted for acquisitions, movements in financial assets at fair value through the profit or loss, cash payments related to IPO costs and cash received on settlement of derivatives

Presentation subject to rounding

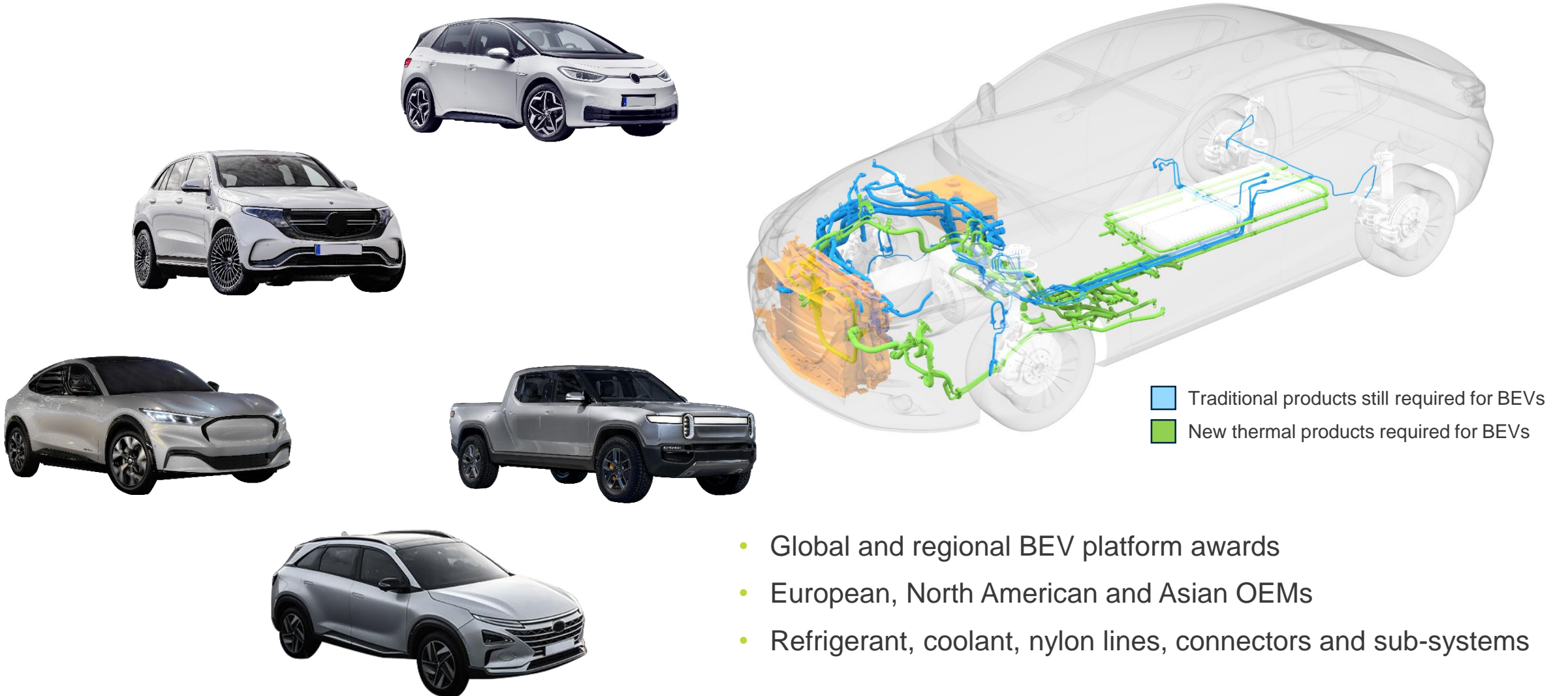


BEV Update

Strategic investment in new thermal products facility in Morocco primarily supplying Battery Electric Vehicles (“BEVs”)

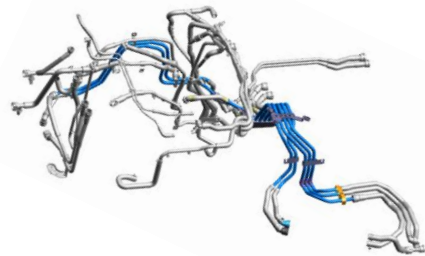
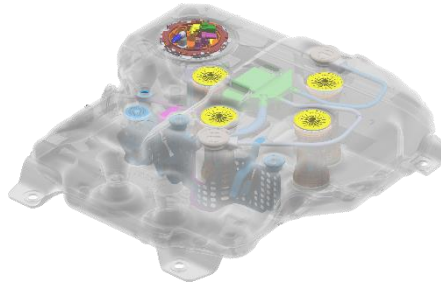
- New facility opened in Tangier, Morocco
- Support launch of high volume first generation BEV platforms for European OEMs announced in August 2018. Launches expected to begin in 2020
 - **Size of facility:** 7,700 sq m
 - **Products:** Thermal fluid lines for battery, climate control and power electronics
 - **Capabilities:** Expands the Group’s extrusion capabilities, thermal expertise and capacity in the region
- Morocco provides excellent proximity to European OEMs, logistics savings, reduced complexities as well as a competitive cost structure
- **Group continues to collaborate on thermal product and systems with key customers for BEVs (including China)**
 - Validation of BEV strategy

Continued Success in the BEV Market



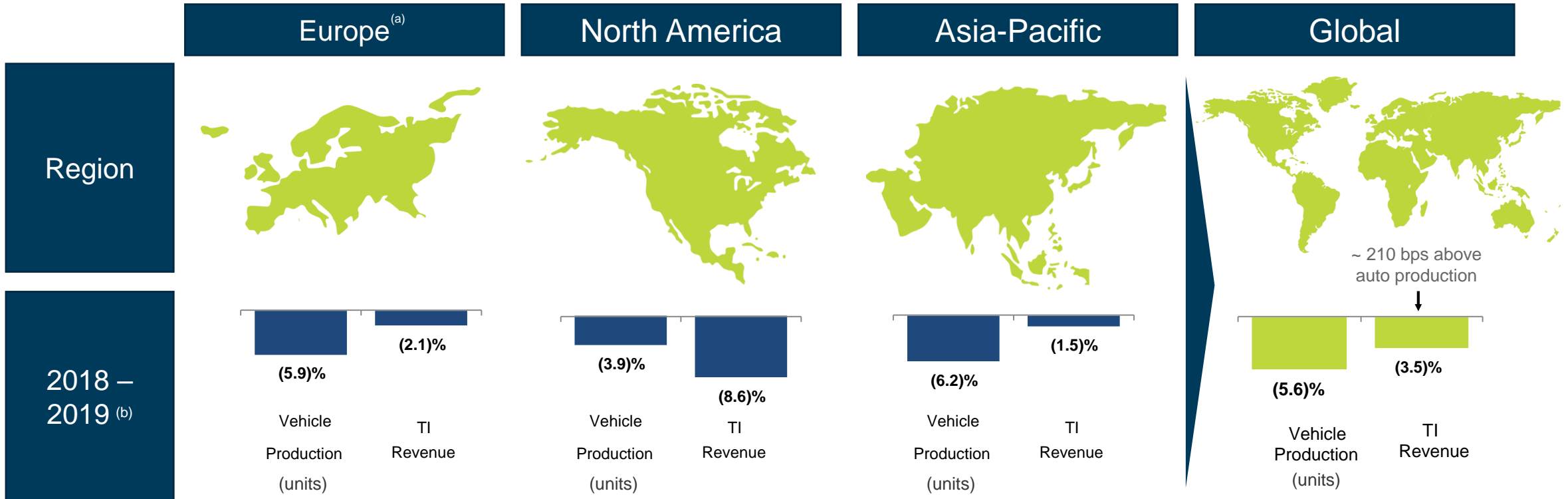
- Global and regional BEV platform awards
- European, North American and Asian OEMs
- Refrigerant, coolant, nylon lines, connectors and sub-systems

Continued Success in the HEV Market



- Continue to invest in fluid management portfolio to include advanced products required to reduce emissions and improve fuel economy in vehicles
- Launch of high volume tanks for Japanese OEM in North America in 2021
 - Lifetime volume of ~ 710k units^(a) with a significant number of units for hybrid electric vehicles (“HEVs”)
 - Integrated Transfer System (“ITS”) process technology used to support robustness, reduce slosh and integrate components
- Continue to win HEV fuel tanks at ~20% -- greater than existing ICE share
- In addition, continue to win increased thermal products content on several HEV programmes
- Customer relationships, global footprint and reputation as a leading fluid systems provider contribute to securing new business awards and support continued organic growth

Global Vehicle Production 2018 – 2019



- Europe revenue (2.1)% lower (or +3.8% above vehicle production)
- Slowdown in European market
- New business and favourable programme ramp impacts
- North America revenue (8.6)% lower (or 4.7% below vehicle production)
- Lower activity compared to 2018, vehicle mix and programme relocations
- Under-indexed on large trucks & SUVs
- Asia Pacific revenue (1.5)% lower (or +4.7% above vehicle production)
- Continued weakness in Chinese market
- Positive trend in fuel tanks with new business
- Group revenue 3.5% lower (or +2.1% above vehicle production)
- Business model continuing to demonstrate consistent outperformance

(a) Europe vehicle production units include Africa and the Middle East

(b) Revenue at constant currency

Source: February 2020 IHS Markit and company estimates

COVID-19 (coronavirus)

- Initial outbreak in China has now expanded to become a global pandemic
- Impact to consumer demand and light vehicle production remains highly uncertain at this time
- We continue to take mitigating actions where demand is impacted – continue market responsiveness

Protecting the health and safety of our people is our highest priority

- Operations continue to uphold all health and safety measures
- Actions taken around the world including travel restrictions and flexible work programmes

Experienced management team engaged and processes in place to monitor daily

- Taking a number of mitigation actions but some negative impact in the short-term appears likely
- We will continue to manage through the difficult environment in 2020

Dynamic situation monitored daily – negative impact in the short term appears likely

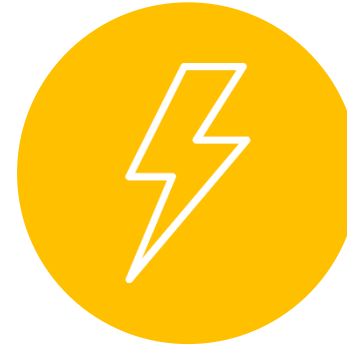
Key Investment Propositions



Experienced management team with proven track record of strong growth and financial performance



Demonstrated above-market growth with leading technologies, strong market positions, global low cost footprint (including China strength) and diversification



Significant growth opportunities aligned with electrification and TI's strength in thermal management



Strong revenue growth, superior margins and free cash flow generation

Sustainable business model – ‘doing what we said we would do’

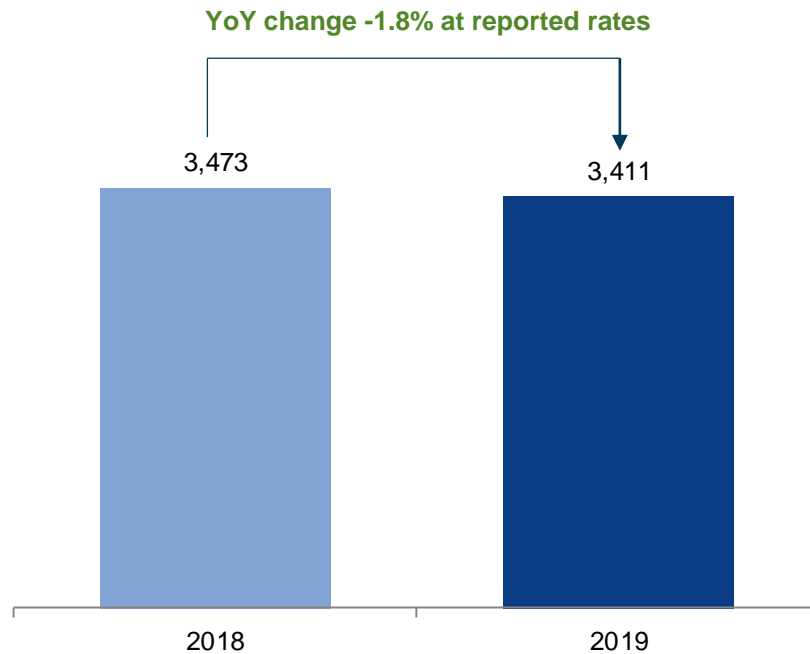
A blurred background image of an industrial robotic arm in a factory setting. The arm is light-colored with blue accents and is positioned in the center-right of the frame. A semi-transparent dark blue horizontal bar is overlaid across the middle of the image, containing the title text.

Financial Performance – Ronald Hundzinski

Revenue Outperformance Continues

Continued outperformance of global vehicle production in 2019

Group Revenue (€m)



Global Auto Production (YoY)

- 5.6%

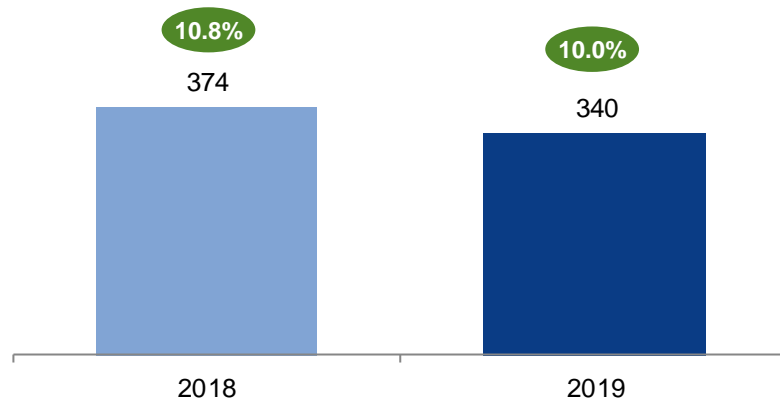
Key Comments

- Revenue declined by **3.5%** at constant currency (or – 1.8% at reported rates)
 - Global light vehicle production level of – **5.6%**^(a)
 - Revenue outperformance of + **2.1%**
- Europe and Asia Pacific revenue continued to outperform regional vehicle production offsetting the impact of North America
 - Europe – **40%** of the Group's revenue with European market weakness offset by launch activity
 - North America – **28%** of the Group's revenue impacted by vehicle mix and OEM programme relocations
 - Asia Pacific – **30%** of the Group's revenue benefiting from new business for FTDS in China

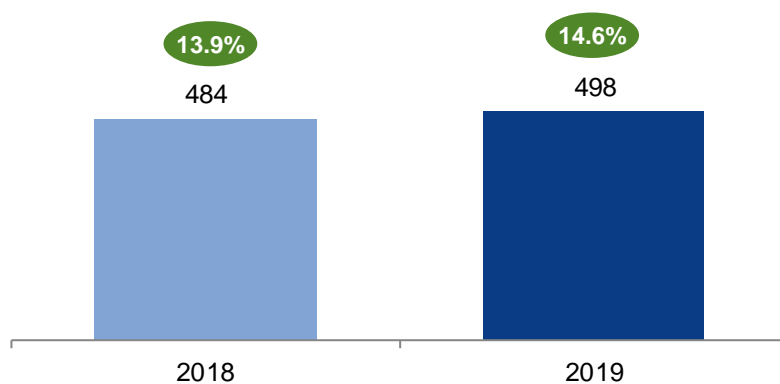
Adj. EBIT and Adj. EBITDA Margin Solid

Highly flexible cost structure leading to relatively stable margins

Adj. EBIT (€m)^(b)



Adj. EBITDA (€m)^(b)



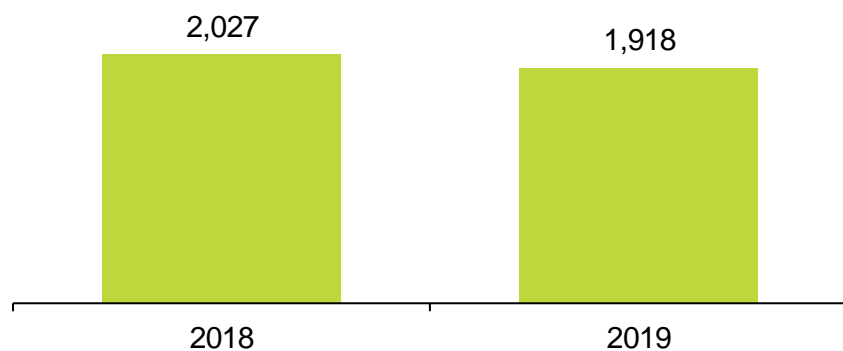
Key Comments

- Adj. EBIT of €340m or **10.0%** margin
- Solid margin but slightly lower than prior year:
 - High operating leverage and flexible cost structure
 - Global vehicle production volumes remained challenging, especially in China
 - Margins impacted by volume and resin cost increases not offset
- Adj. EBITDA^(a) of €498m or **14.6%** margin
- Stable and strong margins demonstrate strength of business model with ability to adjust costs in different volume environments
- Adj. EBITDA includes a +1.1% impact from IFRS 16

Segment Revenue and Adj. EBIT Margins

FCS impacted by market weakness with FTDS performing well

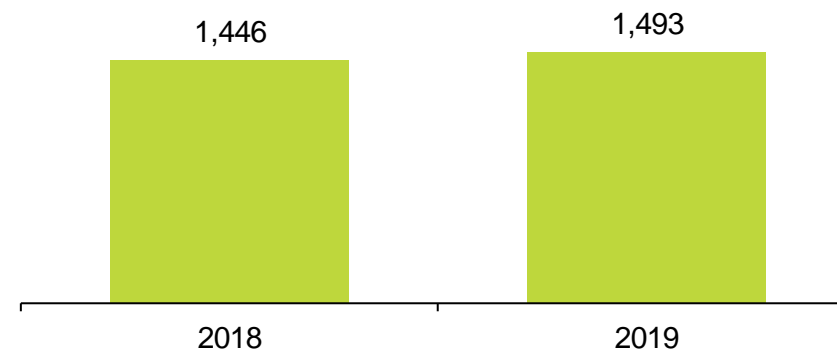
FCS Revenue (€m)



Year	Adj. EBIT Margin
2018	11.9%
2019	10.4%

- Revenue decline of 7.2% at constant currency
 - At reported rates, YoY change of (5.4)%
- Continue to deliver solid Adj. EBIT margin at 10.4%
 - YoY margin reduction largely driven by the impact of market volume reductions particularly in China and resin cost increases

FTDS Revenue (€m)



Year	Adj. EBIT Margin
2018	9.2%
2019	9.4%

- Revenue growth of +1.6% at constant currency
 - At reported rates, YoY growth of 3.3%
- Adj. EBIT margin increase of +20 bps
 - Strong operational performance and programme mix with increasing complexity in tanks

Adj. Net Income, Adj. Basic EPS and Dividend Per Share

Adj. Basic EPS of 28.9 € cents with final dividend of 5.94 € cents per share (at 2018 absolute level)

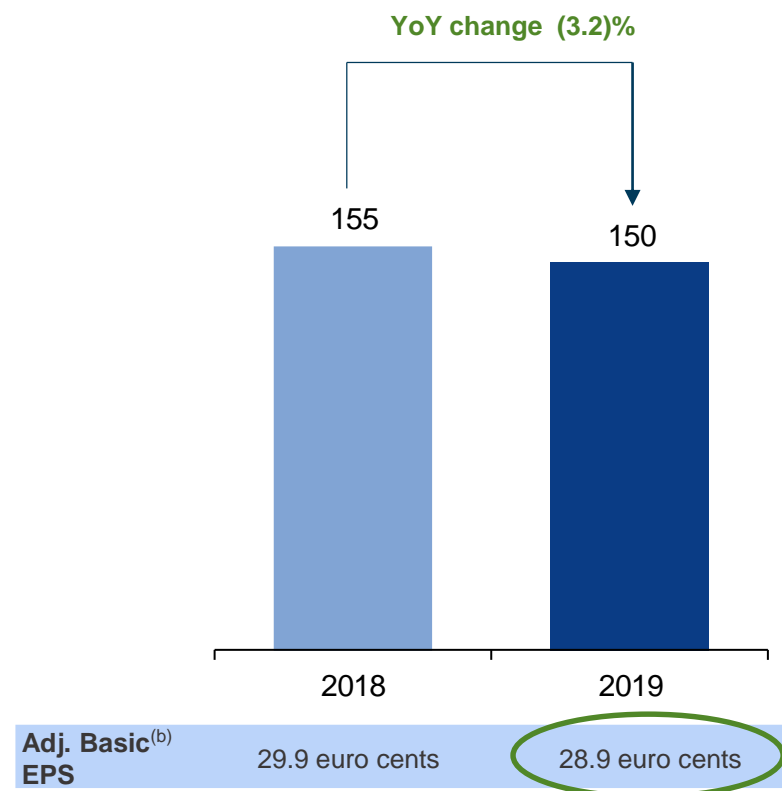
Adj. Net Income Reconciliation (€m)

	2018	2019
Profit for the period	140	145
Non Controlling Interests	(2)	(3)
Net FX gains	(1)	(1)
Exceptional items	12	-
Other reconciling items	6	9
Adj. Net Income^(a)	155	150

Dividend

- 2019 final dividend of **5.94 euro cents** per share^(c)
- Maintained at 2018 level which for the full year, represents a pay-out of 8.96 euro cents per share which is in excess of our 30% of Adjusted Net Income dividend policy
- Payout of **€46.6m** on **520m** shares outstanding

Adj. Net Income (€m)



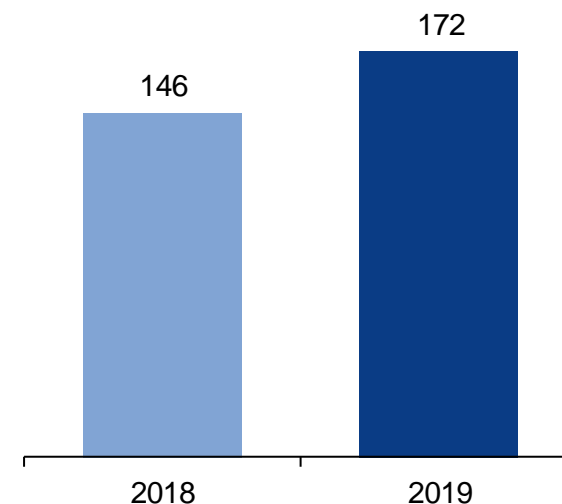
Adj. Free Cash Flow Growth – Solid Business Model

Strong Adj. Free Cash Flow generation

Adj. EBITDA to Adj. Free Cash Flow Reconciliation (€m)

Adj. Free Cash Flow (€m)^(a)

	2018	2019
Adj. EBITDA^(c)	484	498
Cash Interest	(63)	(62)
Cash Tax	(88)	(80)
Working Capital, Provisions and Other	(32)	(19)
PP&E and Intangibles	(152)	(159)
Cash Received on Settlement of Derivatives	(3)	(6)
Adj. Free Cash Flow^(b)	146	172



Strong Capital Structure – Continuing to De-lever

Capital Structure Evolution

€m	Interest rate	2018	2019
Financial liabilities			
Secured Term Loan	US LIBOR+ 2.5% Euribor + 2.75%	1,205	1,168
Finance Leases and Other		2	-
Unamortised Fees		(24)	(17)
Total borrowings		1,183	1,151
Cash and cash equivalents ^(a)		(361)	(413)
Net Debt		822	738
Net Debt / Adj. EBITDA LTM ^(b)		1.7x	1.5x

Key Comments

- Capital allocation priority remains on deleveraging through free cash flow generation in the medium term
- Voluntary pay down of \$57m (€50m) of USD Secured Term Loan in March 2019
- Continue to deliver through free cash flow generation

Leverage (Net Debt / Adj. EBITDA)



Downturn Actions

Actions Taken During 2019

- Restructuring costs of €9.0 million in 2019 primarily related to operations in Europe and North America
- Continued to adjust labour resources to market volume and customer relocations accordingly
- 3 plants closed across Europe and North America (OEM production facility closure driven)

Additional Levers Available – Focus on Cash

- Control inventory / balance working capital to demand
- Leverage temporary labour and position of low fixed costs
- Manage headcount closely
- Strict discretionary spending control (travel, conferences)



Experienced Management Team and Playbook

2020 Outlook

€m	2018	2019	2020 Outlook
Revenue Outperformance	~ 3% above auto production (at constant currency)	2.1% above auto production (at constant currency)	Outperformance Continues
Adj. EBIT Margin	10.8%	10.0%	High Single Digit
Adj. Free Cash Flow	146	172	Conversion Similar to Prior Years
Net Leverage ^(a)	1.7 x LTM Adj. EBITDA	1.5 x LTM Adj. EBITDA	Continue to De-lever
Dividend Payout Ratio	30% of Adj. Net Income	~31% of Adj. Net Income	Minimum 30% of Adj. Net Income

2020 outlook does not include potential impact of Covid-19 (coronavirus) outbreak which is difficult to predict and could be material

A person is using a handheld 3D scanner to scan a mechanical part. The scanner is silver and black with two red laser dots. The background shows a workshop with a computer monitor and a mouse. The text "Q & A" is overlaid in the center.

Q & A

A woman with blonde hair, wearing a bright yellow long-sleeved shirt and a blue jacket, is focused on working with a cable. She is wearing blue gloves and is in a factory or industrial setting. The background is slightly blurred, showing other workers and machinery. The word "Appendix" is overlaid in white text on a semi-transparent blue background.

Appendix

High Level Income Statement

Adjustments to EBITDA and EBIT – non cash and non operational

Income Statement Summary

Key Comments

€m	2018	2019
Revenue	3,473	3,411
Adj. EBIT	374	340
<i>Adj. EBIT %</i>	<i>10.8%</i>	<i>10.0%</i>
PPA	(86)	(72)
D&A	197	230
Adj. EBITDA	484	498
<i>Adj. EBITDA %</i>	<i>13.9%</i>	<i>14.6%</i>
D&A	(197)	(230)
Net FX (Losses)/ Gains	1	1
Other Reconciling Items ^(a)	(7)	(10)
Operating Profit	281	259
Net finance expense	(65)	(58)
Tax	(77)	(57)
Profit for the Period	140	145

- Adjustments primarily relate to certain non cash and non operational expenses
- **Purchase Price Accounting (“PPA”)** - depreciation and amortisation arising on the fair value uplifts related to the Bain Capital and Millennium acquisitions
- **Net FX gains / losses** - primarily FX impact from US to UK inter-company loans in USD

Adj. Effective Tax Rate

Adj. Effective Tax Rate ~ 32%

Effective Tax Rate Adjustments			Key Comments
€m	2018	2019	
Profit before Income Tax	217	202	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjusted effective tax rate - approximately 32% • Adjustments to reported profit before tax – primarily relate to expenses in the UK that are either not deductible or not tax effected because of the UK loss position including interest, financing and operating costs • Adjustments to income tax – relate to changes arising in the year affecting items originally provided for in prior periods
UK losses	63	35	
Adj. Profit before Income Tax	280	227	
Income tax before exceptional items	(77)	(57)	
Prior year tax provisions / adjustments	(13)	(19)	
Adj. Income Tax before exceptional items	(90)	(76)	
Adj. Effective Tax Rate	32%	32%	

IFRS 16 Leases

€m	Pre IFRS 16	Post IFRS 16	Net Impact
Income Statement			
Depreciation	-	(31.5)	(31.5)
Uncapitalised lease costs	(45.7)	(8.5)	37.2
Net FX on IFRS 16 leases	-	(0.2)	(0.2)
Operating profit	(45.7)	(40.2)	5.5
Net finance expense	-	(10.5)	(10.5)
Profit before income tax	(45.7)	(50.7)	(5.0)
Balance Sheet			
Right-of-use-assets	-	161.4	161.4
PP&E	1.4	-	(1.4)
Borrowings	(1.8)	-	1.8
Lease liabilities	-	(166.7)	(166.7)
Balance Sheet Impact	(0.4)	(5.3)	(4.9)
Cash Flow Statement			
Operating Profit	(45.7)	(40.2)	5.5
Depreciation	-	31.5	31.5
Interest paid	-	(10.5)	(10.5)
Lease repayments	(0.3)	(27.1)	(26.8)
Total cash impact	(46.0)	(46.0)	-

€m	Pre IFRS 16	Post IFRS 16	Net Impact
Key Metrics			
Adjusted EBITDA	460.6	497.8	37.2
Adjusted EBIT	334.9	340.4	5.5
Adjusted Net Income	155.3	150.3	(5.0)
Adjusted Free Cash Flow	144.7	172.5	26.8

- IFRS 16 removes the distinction between “finance” and “operating” leases and requires right-of-use assets and liabilities to be created for leases on the balance sheet
- **Key impacts:**
- **Adjusted EBITDA** increased by 110 bps as operating lease payments replaced by depreciation
- **Adjusted Free Cash Flow** increased by €26.8m in 2019 as lease principal payments are outside of the definition (no impact on net cash).
- **Lease liabilities** of €167m excluded from net debt and leverage calculation^(a)